

Mitigating Data Poisoning: Detecting and Removing Malicious Outliers



Autonomous driving models are vulnerable to Data Poisoning attacks where malicious outliers corrupt training integrity. We demonstrate a defense using Isolation Forests to detect and cleanse these threats

DATASET: GTSRB (German Traffic Sign Recognition Benchmark)

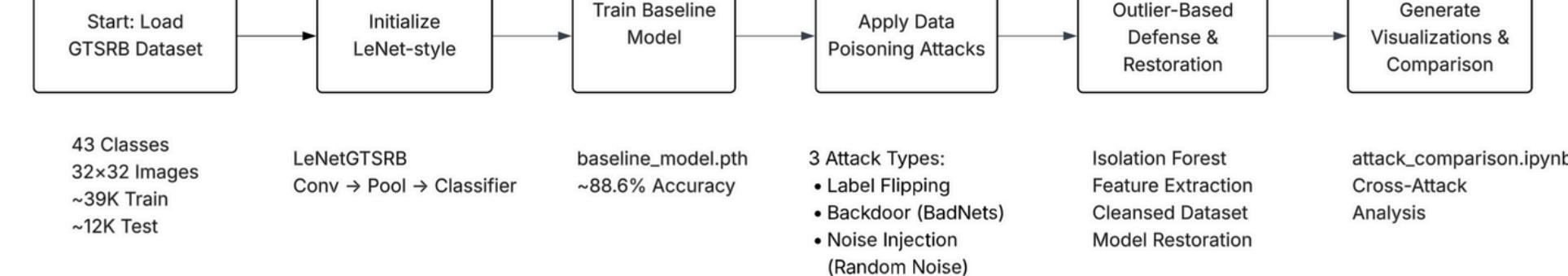
PROBLEM STATEMENT

- Data Poisoning is a security attack where an adversary intentionally corrupts the data used to train a Machine Learning model.
- Models are only as good as their data. Poisoned data leads to a compromised AI, causing targeted errors in classification

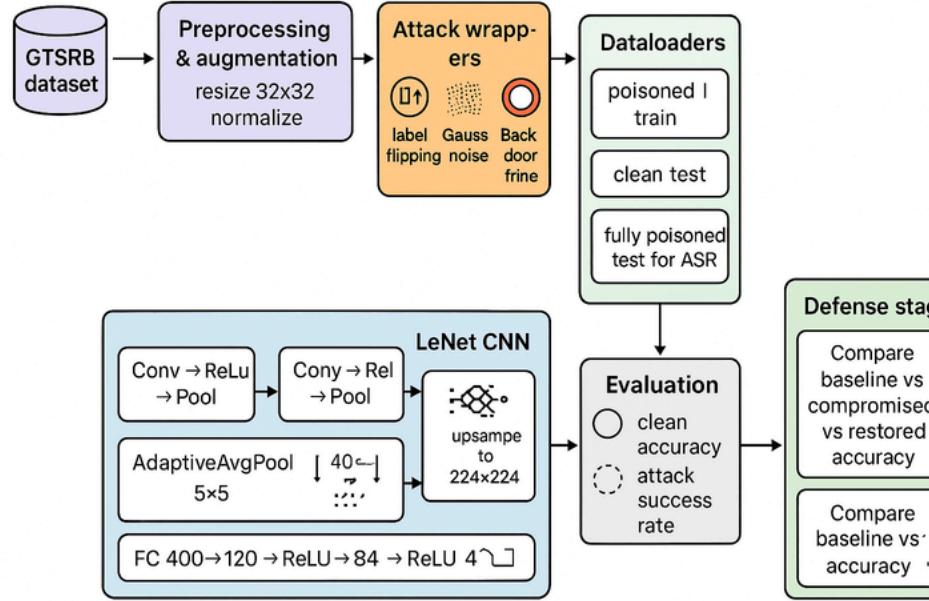
WHY IS IT IMPORTANT

- Safety Critical: A poisoned model in a self-driving car could misinterpret a "Stop" sign, leading to catastrophic failure.
- Trust: Ensuring the integrity of training data is paramount for deploying trustworthy AI systems.
- Defense: We must quantitatively prove that compromised models can be restored.

End to End Implementation Pipeline



Model Architecture



RESULTS

